

Project Overview

Project: use the value chain approach developed in previous years to examine California's footprint in nanotechnology across multiple indicators. Results are available on a California in the Nano Economy website.

Objectives:

- 1) Develop a database of firms working in each stage of the supply chain from nanomaterials through end-markets
- 2) Compile information on economic development in California related to nano including policies, education, and workforce
- 3) Present results on a website
- 4) Create interactive visual tools to analyze and depict results.

Method: Value Chain Approach

A value chain research approach is used to analyze how relationships between stakeholders affect the development and competitiveness of a firm, industry, or location's value chain. Developing and applying this methodology is the focus of project collaborators at the Center on Globalization, Governance, & Competitiveness.

The value chain approach is composed of two parts:

- **Structure:** a visual of the input-output process and geography of actors in the global economy including the supply chain (physical transformation) plus value adding, non-production activities.
- **Framework:**
 - **Mapping:** identify activities and stakeholders in the structure (who & what)
 - **Analysis:** identify relationship between dynamics & stakeholders (how & why)

The website represents an interactive, web-based version of applying all parts of the approach to a specific location and industry. (Fig. 1). Value chain mapping can be visually depicted along the value chain structure (Fig. 2) or geographically (Fig. 3)

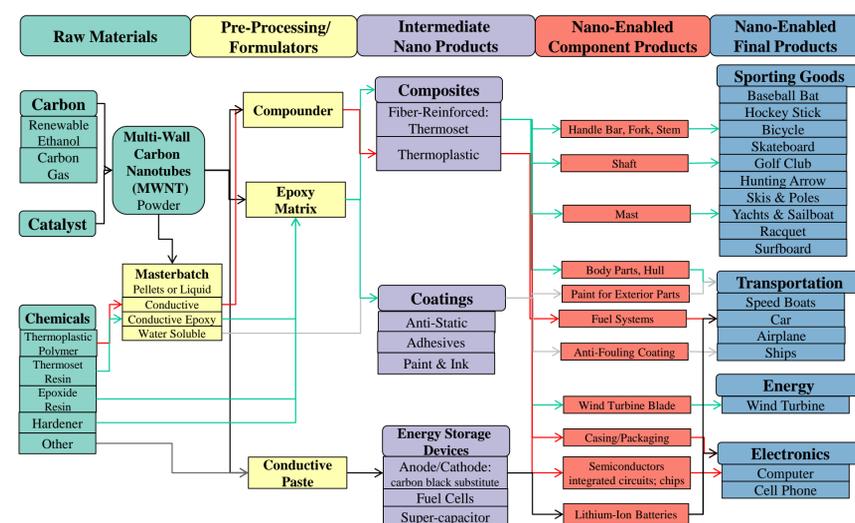


Figure 2: Example of value chain mapping for MWNTs

Results



Figure 1: California in the Nano Economy website home page

Website Sections

- Overview
- Education & Workforce
- Value Chain
- Company Profiles
- Public Policy
- Maps
- Resources

Firm & Organization Database Development

- Gathered data from 17 datasets focused on nanotechnology-related firms and organizations
- Resolved conflicting data issues from variables in multiple datasets
- Locations determined out of business or lacking focus on nanotechnology were removed with the reason documented
- Similar types of information were placed into tables with a link to the original source. Broad data categories include: (1) general information (2) physical address information, (3) positioning (value chain division and stage, activities, and industry sectors) (4) products, and (5) relationships with other firms
- Information for locations in California was extracted to form the basis of content created for the website and visuals
- At present, there are ~450 firm locations and 200 supporting organizations, plus additional research groups & projects.

Geographic Visual Mapping

- Each location can be viewed by multiple parameters including:
 - Position in the value chain
 - Industry sectors
 - Value adding activities
 - Number of datasets it is listed in
 - Physical location
 - Year established
 - Ownership
- When the cursor is placed on a location, the information associated with that location appears. Additional information is also included in the value chain section.
- All visuals are interactive; the user is able to turn any of the variables on or off.

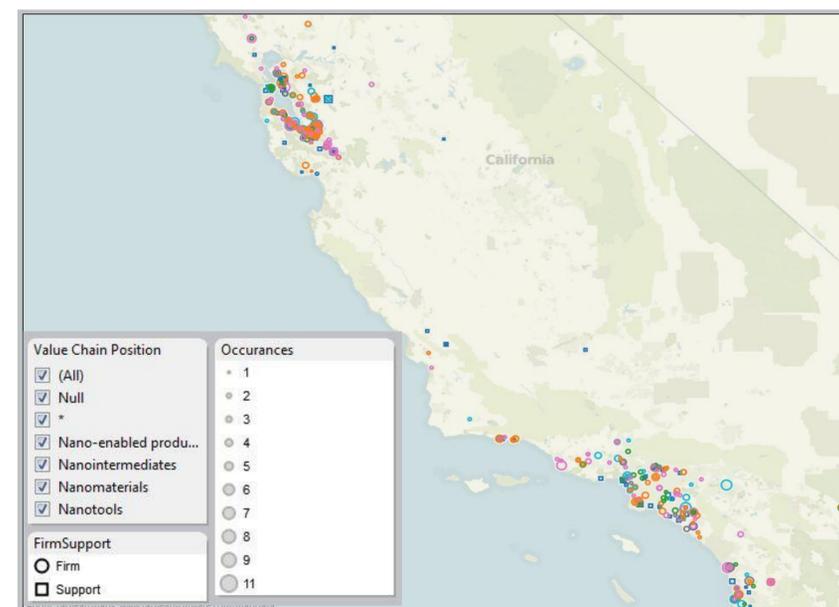


Figure 3: Example of value chain map using shape, color and size

Significance

- The website provides a more holistic picture of the nanotechnology landscape by presenting data on firms from the entire value chain rather than one industry or sector.
- Includes data on value chain positioning not available in most other sources.
- Provides a new, original concept to disseminate industry information and academic research by combining an established research methodology with interactive visualization and information management.
- Education/Outreach: the approach has been used to guide the CNS summer internship project and can be used in the future to teach or research topics related to societal dimensions.

Future Work

- Expand the project to other states, the entire United States, or other countries
- Refine and expand data for California locations
- Map the relationships between firms throughout specific product life cycles
- Use website tools as the basis for teaching students and interns about the nanotechnology value chain

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